

2.6 $\bar{V} = u \bar{i}_h - w \bar{k}_h$ $V = \sqrt{u^2 + w^2}$ $\tan \gamma = \frac{w}{u}$

$\bar{V} = \frac{d\bar{E}_0}{dt}$ $\bar{E}_0 = x \bar{i}_h - h \bar{k}_h$ $\frac{d\bar{E}_0}{dt} = \dot{x} \bar{i}_h - \dot{h} \bar{k}_h$

①, ② $\bar{V} = u \bar{i}_h - w \bar{k}_h \Rightarrow \dot{x} = u, \dot{h} = w$

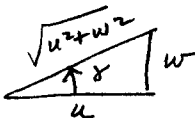
$\bar{F} = m \bar{a}$ $\bar{a} = \frac{d\bar{V}}{dt}$ $\bar{a} = \dot{u} \bar{i}_h - \dot{w} \bar{k}_h$

From Fig. 2.2

$\bar{F} = T \cos(\epsilon + \gamma) \bar{i}_h - T \sin(\epsilon + \gamma) \bar{k}_h - L \sin \gamma \bar{i}_h - L \cos \gamma \bar{k}_h$
 $- D \cos \gamma \bar{i}_h + D \sin \gamma \bar{k}_h + W \bar{k}_h$

$\dot{u} = (W/g) [T \cos(\epsilon + \gamma) - L \sin \gamma - D \sin \gamma]$
 $\dot{w} = (W/g) [T \sin(\epsilon + \gamma) + L \cos \gamma - D \sin \gamma - W]$

$\cos(\epsilon + \gamma) = \cos \epsilon \cos \gamma - \sin \epsilon \sin \gamma, \sin(\epsilon + \gamma) = \sin \epsilon \cos \gamma + \cos \epsilon \sin \gamma$

$\tan \gamma = \frac{w}{u}$  $\sin \gamma = \frac{w}{\sqrt{u^2 + w^2}}, \cos \gamma = \frac{u}{\sqrt{u^2 + w^2}}$

③ $\dot{u} = (W/g) [(T \cos \epsilon - D) \frac{u}{\sqrt{u^2 + w^2}} - (T \sin \epsilon + L) \frac{w}{\sqrt{u^2 + w^2}}]$

④ $\dot{w} = (W/g) [(T \cos \epsilon - D) \frac{w}{\sqrt{u^2 + w^2}} + (T \sin \epsilon + L) \frac{u}{\sqrt{u^2 + w^2}} - W]$

⑤ $\dot{W} = -cT$

Where $\epsilon = \epsilon_0 + \alpha$

a. dof $L(h, v, \alpha) \rightarrow L(h, u, w, \alpha)$
 $D(h, v, \alpha) \rightarrow D(h, u, w, \alpha)$
 $T(h, v, P) \rightarrow T(h, u, w, P)$
 $C(h, v, P) \rightarrow C(h, u, w, P)$

variables x, h, u, w, W, P, α $7 \text{ var} - 5 \text{ eqns} = 2 \text{ dof}$

2.6 Cont'd

$$\begin{aligned} b. \quad u &= V \cos \gamma \Rightarrow \dot{u} = \dot{V} \cos \gamma - V \sin \gamma \dot{\gamma} \\ w &= V \sin \gamma \quad \dot{w} = \dot{V} \sin \gamma + V \cos \gamma \dot{\gamma} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{u}{\sqrt{u^2 + w^2}} = \cos \gamma, \quad \frac{w}{\sqrt{u^2 + w^2}} = \sin \gamma$$

Eqs. (3) and (4) become 2 eqns in 2 unknowns \dot{V} and $\dot{\gamma}$

They can be solved by elimination - requires a lot of algebra

or mult. (3) by $\cos \gamma$ and (4) by $\sin \gamma$
and add the two results to get \dot{V}

mult (3) by $\sin \gamma$ and (4) by $\cos \gamma$
and subtract the results to get $\dot{\gamma}$

This process leads to Eqs. 2.24.